CORPORATE GOVERNANCE STATEMENT - FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

The corporate governance arrangements for OFX Group Limited (**Company**) and its subsidiaries (**Group**) are set by the Board having regard to the ASX Corporate Governance Council's Corporate Governance Principles and Recommendations (4th Edition) (**ASX Principles and Recommendations**), corporate best practice and the best interests of all stakeholders.

The Company is committed to adopting best practice in corporate governance where these practices are appropriate to the business and add value. Consistent with the ongoing review of the Company's corporate governance framework to ensure that reflects best practice, the Company's Charters and Policies were reviewed in FY23 to ensure that they continue to reflect the ASX Principles and Recommendations.

The documents that are described in this Corporate Governance Statement are available on the Company's website at https://www.ofx.com/en-au/investors/corporate-governance/.

This Corporate Governance Statement is current as at 23 May 2023 and has been approved by the Board.

ASX	Recommendation	Position	Comply
Princ	ciple 1: Lay solid founda	tions for management and oversight	
		delineate the respective roles and responsibilities of its board and management and regularly review their	performance
1.1	A listed entity should have and disclose a board charter setting	The Board has adopted a Board Charter that details the functions and responsibilities of the Board, Chair and individual Directors.	√
	out: (a) the respective roles and responsibilities of its	Responsibility for the day to day management and administration of the Group is delegated to the Managing Director and Chief Executive Officer (CEO), assisted by the CEO's executive direct reports (Executives). The CEO manages the Group in accordance with the strategy, financial plans and delegations approved by the Board. A formal delegation from the Board to the CEO, Executives and senior management sets out the limits of that delegation.	
	board and management; and (b) those matters expressly reserved to	The Board is responsible for the overall operation and stewardship of the Group and, in particular for the long-term growth and profitability of the Group, the strategies, policies and financial objectives of the Group and for monitoring the implementation of those policies, strategies and financial objectives.	
	the board and those delegated to management.	 Providing input into, and approval of, the Group's strategic direction, budgets and financial plans as developed by the Executives and delegating implementation of that to the CEO; Directing, monitoring and assessing the Group's performance against strategic and business plans, to determine if appropriate resources are available; Approving and monitoring capital management and major capital expenditure, acquisitions and divestments, and capital distributions to shareholders and equity issuances; Overseeing the process for identifying significant risks of the Group's business and that adequate controls are established, reviewing and overseeing the Group's systems of internal compliance and control, risk management and legal compliance, to determine the integrity and effectiveness of those systems; 	

- Approving and monitoring internal and external financial and other reporting, including reporting to shareholders, the ASX and other stakeholders;
- The appointment and removal of the Chair, CEO, Chief Financial Officer (CFO) and the Company Secretary;
- Ratifying the appointment and removal of Executives (which includes all Executives who report directly to the CEO);
- Determining whether the remuneration and conditions of service of Directors and Executives are appropriate;
- Establishing and monitoring Board and Executive succession planning;
- Monitoring of performance including approving criteria for assessing performance of the CEO and Executives;
- Ensuring ethical behaviour and compliance with the Group's governing documents, including the Group's Code of Conduct, Whistleblower Policy, Diversity & Inclusion Policy, Continuous Disclosure Policy, Communications Policy and Securities Trading Policy; and
- Reviewing corporate governance principles and policies and compliance with corporate governance standards.

To assist in performing these duties in the most efficient manner, the Board reconstituted the Board Committees in FY23, to now comprise the following:

- Audit, Risk and Compliance Committee (ARCC) Grant Murdoch (Chair), Douglas Snedden, Cathy Kovacs and Patricia Cross;
- People Culture & Remuneration Committee (PCRC) Douglas Snedden (Chair), Connie Carnabuci and Patricia Cross.
- Nomination Committee Doug Snedden (Chair), all other directors are members.
- Continuous Disclosure Committee CEO (Chair), CFO and Company Secretary.

There is a Charter for each Committee setting out its role and responsibilities. Committee Charters are available on the Company's website. Further details about the operation of these Committees can be found below.

Details of each of the Directors' relevant qualifications and experience, the number of times that the Board and each of these Committees met during FY23, as well as Director attendance at each of the meetings is included in the Directors' Report of the Company's FY23 Annual Report.

Additionally, the Board invites Executives to attend Board and Committee meetings where appropriate. Executives are required to report regularly to the Board to create a culture that promotes transparency, candour, contestability and foresight.

Directors are entitled to request additional information at any time they consider it appropriate and an open dialogue between individual Directors, the CEO and Executives is encouraged.

1.2 A listed entity should:

(a) undertake
appropriate checks
before appointing a
person, or putting
forward to security

The selection, appointment and reappointment of Directors occurs in accordance with the policy adopted by the Nomination Committee. As part of the Company's Director selection process, potential candidates are subject to appropriate and prudent background and screening checks prior to appointment. These include checks in relation to the person's character, experience and qualifications, criminal history, bankruptcy as well as ensuring that the person is available to provide the appropriate time commitment to serve as a Director.

✓

holders a candidate for election, as a director; and		
(b) provide security holders with all material information in its possession relevant to a decision on whether or not to	Additionally, Directors who have been in office without re-election for three years since their last appointment must retire and seek re-election at the Company's AGM. Mr Murdoch will retire and seek re-election at the forthcoming AGM on 3 August 2023.	
elect or re-elect a director.		
1.3 A listed entity should have a written agreement with each	Directors receive formal letters of appointment setting out the arrangements relating to their appointments including:	✓
director and senior executive setting out the terms of their appointment.	 Term of appointment – noting that Directors are not appointed for specific terms and are subject to rotational requirements for re-election; Anticipated time commitment; Remuneration; 	
	 Requirements to disclose interests which may affect independence; Requirements to comply with key Company policies including the Code of Conduct and Securities Trading Policy; Entitlement to seek independent advice at the expense of the Company; 	
	 Insurance, indemnity and ongoing rights to access information arrangements; and Ongoing confidentiality obligations. 	
	Similarly, the CEO and the Executives all have letters of appointment and employment contracts which set out the key terms and conditions of their appointment and include details about their remuneration. These are updated from time to time, as appropriate. Background screening checks are undertaken in respect of all Executives prior to appointment.	
1.4 The company secretary of a listed entity should		✓
be accountable directly to the board, through the chair, on all matters		
to do with the proper functioning of the		
board.	The Company Secretaries report directly to the Board through the Chair on all Board and governance matters. The Company Secretary and each Director communicate directly as required. Mr Wong has an internal reporting line to the CEO on legal matters in respect of the business.	
	The Company Secretary is responsible for supporting the effectiveness of the Board by ensuring that policies and procedures are followed and co-ordinating the completion and dispatch of the Board agendas and papers.	

The Company Secretary is appointed by the Board and Mr Farrell's and Mr Wong's biographies are included within the Company's FY23 Annual Report. A listed entity should: **√** (a) have and disclose a The Board has adopted a Diversity and Inclusion Policy and the Company is committed to maintaining a diversity policy; workplace culture that embraces diversity and inclusion. A copy of the Diversity and Inclusion Policy is available on the Company's website. The Diversity and Inclusion Policy includes a requirement for the Board to establish measurable objectives for achieving gender diversity and for the Board to assess annually both the objectives (b) through its board or a committee of the and progress in achieving them. The Chief People & Culture Officer is responsible for ensuring that the Group meets its compliance reporting obligations as it relates to diversity. board set measurable objectives for achieving gender diversity in the OFX recognises that a diverse workforce operating in an inclusive environment is key to our success. Reflecting the diversity of our customers, other stakeholders and the communities in which we operate enables us to better composition of its board. understand and serve their needs, build trust and make better business decisions. OFX is committed to building senior a culture and working environment in which our people can perform at their best, feel respected and valued for executives and their contribution as well as feel a sense of belonging. workforce generally; and The Group's commitment to workplace diversity is an investment in the creation of a sustainable and enduring business, which will deliver long term shareholder value. The Group's Diversity and Inclusion Policy is designed (c) disclose in relation to reinforce the Group's commitment to an inclusive workplace that embraces and promotes diversity in all its each reporting period: forms. The Policy also sets out the obligations of the Board to set measurable objectives for achieving diversity and to assess annually the Company's progress in achieving those objectives. the measurable objectives set for that To assist the Group to continue to develop a diverse and inclusive workplace, the following measurable objectives were reviewed by the PCRC and approved by the Board in relation to FY23. A summary of progress achieved period to achieve gender diversity; against these objectives during the year is set out below. (2) the entity's progress towards achieving Objective **Progress** Maintain minimum 40% female representation on those objectives; and Behind target. As at 31 March, 2023 female the Global Executive Team representation 36% (4 out of 11) due to recent (3) either: Global Executive Team appointments. Target met. As at 31 March, 2023, female Maintain minimum 30% female representation of the respective the Board and target 40:40:20 gender representation 50%. proportions of men and representation. women on the board. Target 38% female Target exceeded. 42% as at 31 March 2023 (FY22 representation in senior executive Sales/Commercial roles by the end of FY23. 43%, FY21 29%; FY20 24%; FY19 22%, FY18 positions and across 14%). the whole workforce (including how the Target 28% female representation in Technology Target not met: 23% as at 31 March 2023 (FY22 entity has defined roles by the end of FY23. 23%, FY21 26%; FY20 24%; FY19 31%; FY18 "senior executive" for 24%). these purposes); or Target not met. 44% as at 31 March 2023 (FY22

41%; FY21 40%; FY20 27%).

Target 45% female representation in Senior

Leadership Team (CEO-2) by the end of FY23.

(B) if the entity is a "relevant employer" under the Workplace Gender Equality Act, the entity's most recent "Gender Equality Indicators", as defined in and published under that Act.

Conduct pay equity testing on an annual basis and take action in relation to identified gender pay gaps on a like-for-like basis	Target met. Completed as part of annual remuneration review.
Maintain or improve diversity and inclusion scores included as part of the engagement survey	Target met. Diversity and Inclusion remained as OFX's second highest engagement factor at 88% while for Firma it was their joint highest at 77%.
Build on our partnerships / community engagement opportunities that enable OFX to support indigenous education and employment	Target met. Continued community partnership with Australian Indigenous Mentoring Experience (AIME) to provide volunteering opportunities to OFX employees to provide mentoring program for Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander students to support them through high school and into university. Also established a partnership with the Kari Foundation who provide support services to Aboriginal children, youth, families, and communities in the south-western Sydney region. Held SLT volunteering activity with Kari in Sep 22 as part of OFX's Leadership Summit.

The following table summarises the proportion of men and women on the Board, in senior executive positions and across the Company as at 31 March 2023 compared to 30 April 2022.%

OFX Group	Board	Board	Executive *	Executive *	SLT*	SLT*	Managers [^]	Managers^	Employee #	Employee #
	FY22	FY23	FY22	FY23	FY22	FY23	FY22	FY23	FY22	FY23
Female	33%	50%	50%	36%	41%	45%	47%	46%	44%	43%
Male	67%	50%	50%	64%	59%	55%	53%	54%	56%	57%

[%]Calculations based on self-reported figures.

The Company prepares an annual report to the Workplace Gender Equality Agency. Copies of which can be found at https://www.ofx.com/wp-content/uploads/2022/06/Workplace-Gender-Equality-Agency-2021-22-Compliance-Report.pdf

The Company's FY24 diversity and inclusion objectives approved by the Board are:

- 1. Maintain 40:40:20 gender representation on the Board.
- 2. Target 40:40:20 gender representation on the Global Executive Team.
- 3. Maintain 40:40:20 gender representation on the Senior Leadership Team (CEO-2).
- 4. Identify regions where female representation in Sales / Commercial roles is below 30% and aim to increase female representation by >=10% by the end FY25.

^{*}Represents the CEO and his Executive direct reports.

^{**}Represents the Senior Leadership Team who all report into Executive members

[^]Represents all people managers.

[#]Represents all other staff (total employees minus Executives and Managers).

		Build on our partnerships / community engagement opportunities that enable OFX to support indigenous education and employment.	
1.6	A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose a process for periodically evaluating the performance of the board, its committees and individual directors; and (b) disclose for each reporting period whether a performance evaluation has been undertaken in accordance with that	In accordance with the Nomination Committee Charter, the Nomination Committee is responsible for formal performance reviews of the Board, its Committees and the individual Directors annually to determine whether they are functioning effectively. In FY23 Board, Committee and Director performance was evaluated as follows In September 2022 Directors and Management completed a questionnaire, providing both numerical responses and relevant commentary. To encourage openness responses were provided anonymously vias a secure online platform. The Chief People and Culture Officer prepared a summary report for the Board outlining the results of the evaluation including areas of strength and areas where there is opportunity for improvement. This report and the areas of strength and opportunities for improvement were discussed by Directors. The next Board performance and effectiveness review is scheduled for September 2023.	•
	process during or in respect of that period.	In addition to the formal annual evaluation, the Board undertakes a review of its performance and effectiveness at the end of each meeting.	
1.7	A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose a process for evaluating the performance of its senior executives at least once every reporting period; and (b) disclose for each reporting period whether a performance evaluation has been undertaken in accordance with that process during or in respect of that period.	Key performance indicators (KPIs) for the CEO and each Executive are reviewed and recommended to the Board by the PCRC at the commencement of each financial year. The CEO reports at each Board meeting on progress of performance of each Executive against those KPIs. At the end of each financial year, the PCRC, together with the CEO reviews and makes recommendations to the Board following the CEO's assessment of the Executives against the agreed KPIs. The PCRC also reviews the performance of the CEO against the CEO's KPIs. A performance evaluation of the CEO and each Executive was conducted in respect of the FY23 financial year. KPIs in respect of FY24 for the CEO and each Executive have been established and reported to the Board.	•
		ard to be effective and add value	tivoly
2.1	The board of a listed entity should:	board of an appropriate size, composition, skills and commitment to enable it to discharge its duties effect In FY21, the responsibilities of the Remuneration and Nomination Committee were considered by the Board and the Board determined that the responsibilities of that Committee should be divided between a People, Culture	tively ✓
	(a) have a nomination committee which:	and Remuneration Committee and a separate Nomination Committee.	

The Directors established a separate Nomination Committee on 10 May 2021, with Mr Snedden as Chair and all (1) has at least three Directors as members. Mr Snedden and each Director, other than the Chief Executive Officer and Managing members, a majority of whom are independent Director, are independent. directors; and The procedures for the appointment and removal of Directors are ultimately governed by the Company's (2) is chaired by an Constitution. One of the roles of the Nomination Committee, as set out in its Charter, is to identify and recommend independent director, to the Board individuals for nomination as members of the Board and its Committees, taking into account such factors as it deems appropriate, including experience, qualifications, judgement and the ability to work with other and disclose: Directors. (3) the charter of the The Charter for the Nomination Committee is available on the Company's website. Details of the number of times committee: the Nomination Committee met during FY23, as well as Director attendance at each of the meetings is included in the Directors' Report of the Company's FY23 Annual Report. (4) the members of the committee: and (5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or (b) if it does not have a nomination committee. disclose that fact and the processes it employs to address board succession issues and to ensure that the board has the appropriate balance of skills, knowledge, experience, independence and diversity to enable it to discharge its duties and responsibilities effectively. A listed entity should **√** The Board seeks to have an appropriate mix of skills, experience, expertise and diversity to enable it to discharge

its responsibilities and add value to the Company. The Board seeks to leverage the value that comes from people

have and disclose a

setting out the mix of

skills matrix

board

skills and diversity that the board currently has or is looking to achieve in its membership.

who have diverse backgrounds, knowledge, live contribute the following key skills and experience:

skills and diversity that who have diverse backgrounds, knowledge, lived experiences and perspectives. Together, the Directors the board currently has contribute the following key skills and experience:

Skill	Description
Global Operating Experience	Exposure to international regions either through experience working in an organisation with global operations or through management of international stakeholder relationships, including understanding of different cultural, political, regulatory and business requirements.
Online/Digital/Emerging Technology	Expertise/experience in the analysis of online/digital feasibility and assessment, strategies for optimising value and understanding and mitigatin risk from/of online/digital opportunities, including skills and knowledge for addressing cyber risks and privacy risks.
Industry Expertise	Experience and/or broad understanding of the cross-border payments industry or wider financial services industry including market drivers, risks, opportunities and trends including policies, competitors, end users, regulatory policy, framework and engagement.
Growth business and/or dynamic markets	Experience in building growth businesses and/or in highly competitive and dynamic markets/industries.
Disruption	Experience in an industry that has faced significant disruptive change and/or rapidly changing business environment.
Financial Acumen	Experience in financial accounting and reporting, corporate finance, risk and internal controls.
Risk Management and Compliance	Experience in the identification and resolution of legal and regulatory issues including ability to anticipate and evaluate key risks to the group in a wide range of areas including legal and regulatory compliance and monitor risk and compliance management frameworks and systems.
Mergers and Acquisitions	Experience in all aspects of the negotiation, structuring, risk management and assessment of both acquisitions and divestments.
People	Experience in building workforce capability, setting an appropriate 'tone from the top' in terms of organisational culture, setting a remuneration framework which attracts and retains a high calibre of executives, talent development, engagement and organisational change and promotion of diversity and inclusion.

		The appointment of any new Director is based on pre-established criteria having regard to the existing skills matrix of the Board as a whole and having assessed those areas where additional skills or background or experience are required.	
		The Board feels that it is currently of the right structure and size and possesses the necessary expertise to drive the short, medium and long-term strategic objectives of the Group.	
		The Board's self-assessment against the skills matrix indicated that in the most part the Board's proficiency either matches or exceeds the importance of that skill with continued focus required on building proficiency against online/digital/emerging technology.	
2.3	A listed entity should disclose:	The names, skills and experience of the Directors and the period of office of each Director are set out in the Directors' Report in the Company's FY23 Annual Report.	✓
	(a) the names of the directors considered by the board to be independent directors;	The Board considers that all current directors, other than the Managing Director and Chief Executive Officer, Skander Malcolm, to be independent of Management influence. There exists no other material professional, business or substantial shareholder relationship by any independent Director with the Company.	
	(b) if a director has an interest, position, association or relationship of the type described in Box 2.3 but the board is of the opinion that it does not compromise the independence of the director, the nature of the interest, position, association or relationship in question and an explanation of why the board is of that opinion; and		
	(c) the length of service of each director.		
2.4	A majority of the board of a listed entity should be independent directors.	The Board Charter requires that the majority of the Directors are "independent" which is defined within the Board Charter. This takes into account the guidance provided under the ASX Listing Rules and the ASX Principles and Recommendations.	√
	55.5.5.	As at the date of this Statement the Board comprises 5 independent non-executive directors (including the Chair) and one executive director (The Managing Director and Chief Executive Officer).	

		The Board will review any determination it makes as to a Director's independence on becoming aware of any information that may have an impact on the independence of the Director. For this purpose, Directors are required to ensure that they immediately advise the Board of any relevant new or changed relationships to enable the Board to consider and determine the materiality of the relationships. The Board annually reviews the independence of directors and requires that each Director immediately disclose if he/she is, or becomes aware of, any information, facts, or circumstances that will or may affect that Directors' independence.	
2.5	The chair of the board of a listed entity should be an independent director and, in particular, should not be the same person as the CEO of the entity	The Directors consider that the Chair of the Company is an independent non-executive director. The roles of Chair and Chief Executive Officer are exercised by separate individuals.	√
2.6	A listed entity should have a program for inducting new directors and for periodically reviewing whether there is a need for existing directors to undertake professional development to maintain the skills and knowledge needed to perform their role as directors effectively.	Any new Directors receive a comprehensive induction designed to familiarise them with the business, strategy and operations by way of meetings with Non-Executive Directors, Executives and other key employees, access to all relevant Company information including key corporate governance policies, charters and procedures and Board papers, where appropriate. Ongoing directors have access to continuing education about the Group in the form of regular updates from the CEO and his direct reports. All Directors are responsible for ensuring they remain current in understanding their duties as Directors.	✓
Princ		f acting lawfully, ethically and responsibly	
A lis	ted entity should instil a	and continually reinforce a culture across the organisation of acting lawfully, ethically and responsibly	
3.1	A listed entity should articulate and disclose its values.	 Always keep learning Get the right stuff done Inspire client confidence Push boundaries We're better together These values, which are set out in the Company's Code of Conduct and are disclosed on the Company's website,	√
		have been created to build a shared understanding of the priorities of the Company in our decision making and focus.	
3.2	A listed entity should:	The Board maintains high standards of ethical conduct and the CEO is responsible for ensuring that high standards of conduct are maintained by all staff. The Group's reputation as an ethical business organisation is critical to its ongoing success.	✓

(a) have and discode of conductives, executives employees; and (b) ensure the board or a comment the board is informative any material boof that code.	The Board has adopted a Code of Conduct covering the practices necessary to maintain confidence in the Group's integrity, the practices necessary to take into account the Group's legal obligations and reasonable expectations of its stakeholders, and the responsibility and accountability of individuals for reporting and investigating reports of unethical practices. It is not a prescriptive set of rules but rather a practical set of principles giving direction and reflecting the Group's approach to business conduct. All Directors, Executives, employees and contractors of the Company are subject to this Code of Conduct. The Company's Code of Conduct was updated during FY22 and is available on the Company's website.	
3.3 A listed entity since (a) have and discontinuous whistleblower and (b) ensure the board or a comment the board is informaterial in reported under policy.	suspected illegal or unethical behaviour or practice. A Whistleblower Hotline is operated by an independent third party where reports can be made confidentially and anonymously. All reports made under the Whistleblower Policy are reported to the ARCC. Any material breach of the Whistleblower Policy is reported to the Chair of the Board. The Whistleblower Policy is available on the Company's website and all employees are provided with training	
3.4 A listed entity since (a) have and an anti-briber corruption policity (b) ensure the board or a comment the board is informaterial bof that policy.	Company's Anti Bribery and Corruption Policy. This Policy provides a summary of the law on bribery and corruption, outlines the circumstances in which it is unacceptable to receive gifts, entertainment and hospitality and provides a reporting mechanism for allegations of bribery and corruption. The Policy prohibits facilitation payments, kickbacks and donations to political parties or which are intended to obtain an improper advantage for any group company. The Anti Bribery and Corruption Policy is available on the Company's website and all employees are provided with training on this policy.	
	the integrity of corporate reports ave appropriate processes to verify the integrity of its corporate reports	
4.1 The board of entity should:	The Board is committed to a transparent process for auditing and reporting of the Group's financial performance. The ARCC performs a central role in assisting the Board in achieving this goal.	
(a) have an committee whic	audit The ARCC's principal functions are set out in its Charter, which is available on the Company's website and includes:	

- (1) has at least three members, all of whom are non-executive directors and a majority of whom are independent directors; and
- (2) is chaired by an independent director, who is not the chair of the board,

and disclose:

- (3) the charter of the committee;
- (4) the relevant qualifications and experience of the members of the committee; and
- (5) in relation to each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or
- (b) if it does not have an audit committee. disclose that fact and the processes employs that independently verify and safeguard the integrity of its corporate reporting, including the the processes for appointment and removal of the external

- To oversee the Group's financial reporting process on behalf of the Board and to report the results of its activities to the Board, including:
 - To review the Group's financial statements to determine whether they are accurate and complete and make any necessary recommendations to the Board;
 - To review significant accounting policies adopted by the Group to ensure compliance with AIFRS and generally accepted accounting principles;
 - To consider any significant accounting, financial reporting issues raised and matters relevant to half year and annual reporting in a timely manner;
 - To ensure systems are in place aimed at ensuring accounting records are properly maintained are in accordance with statutory requirements; and
 - o To review other financial information distributed externally as required.
- To oversee the performance of the external audit including making recommendations to the Board in relation to the external auditor and internal auditor (if applicable).

One of the main purposes of the ARCC is to ensure the quality and independence of the audit process. The Chair of the ARCC and the CFO work with the external auditors to plan the audit approach. All aspects of the audit are reported back to the ARCC and the external auditors are given the opportunity at ARCC meetings to meet with the Board. The external auditor meets with the Board without management present to allow open discussion between the Directors and the external auditor in relation to their external audit.

The ARCC is structured so that it has at least three members, consists only of Non-Executive Directors, consists of a majority of independent directors and is chaired by Mr Murdoch, an independent Chair who is not the Chair of the Board. Further all members must be financially literate and at least one member must have accounting and/or related financial management expertise.

The ARCC has a minimum of four scheduled meetings each year and meets at other times as required. The Company Secretary attends and minutes all meetings. The Chair of the ARCC reports the findings of the ARCC back to the Board at the following Board meeting. Minutes of each of the ARCC meetings are also provided to the Board. The Company has disclosed in its FY23 Annual Report the members of ARCC, the number of times the ARCC met during FY23 and the individual attendances of members of ARCC at those meetings.

The external auditor is invited to attend ARCC meetings. To ensure the auditor remains independent, all audit and non-audit work is authorised by the ARCC. The external auditor is not permitted to perform any non-audit or assurance services that may impair or appear to impair the external auditor's judgement.

	auditor and the rotation		
	of the audit		
	engagement partner.		
4.2	The board of a listed	In accordance with section 295A of the <i>Corporations Act 2001</i> (Cth), for each half and full year financial period,	\checkmark
	entity should, before it	the CEO and CFO provide the Board with a written declaration that, in their respective opinions:	
	approves the entity's		
	financial statements for	The financial records of the Company have been properly maintained; and	
	a financial period,		
	receive from its CEO	The financial statements comply with the appropriate accounting standards and give a true and fair view	
	and CFO a declaration	of the financial position and performance of the Company.	
	that, in their opinion,		
	the financial records of	To underpin the integrity of the Company's financial reporting and risk management framework, it is also the	
	the entity have been	Company's practice for the CEO and CFO to state to the Board in writing that in their respective opinions:	
	properly maintained		
	and that the financial	Statements made regarding the integrity of the financial statements are found on a sound system of risk	
	statements comply with	management and internal compliance and control systems which implement the policies adopted by the	
	the appropriate	Board;	
	accounting standards		
	and give a true and fair	The risk management and internal compliance and control systems, to the extent that they relate to	
	view of the financial	financial reporting, are operating effectively and efficiently, in all material respects based on the risk	
	position and	management framework adopted by the Company; and	
	performance of the		
	entity and that the	The Company's material business risks (including non-financial risks) are being managed effectively.	
	opinion has been		
	formed on the basis of	In FY23, the Board received the declarations and statements referred to above in relation to the half year ending	
	a sound system of risk	30 September 2022 and the full year ending 31 March 2023, prior to approving the financial statements for those	
	management and	periods.	
	internal control which is		
	operating effectively.		
4.3	A listed entity should	All of the Company's financial and half yearly financial reports are audited prior to being released to the market.	\checkmark
	disclose its process to	Prior to any half yearly financial reports or financial reports being released to the market, Directors require a	
	verify the integrity of	s295A declaration from the CEO and the CFO. In advance of the CEO and CFO providing that declaration, each	
	any periodic corporate	Executive is required to sign a declaration to confirm that they are not aware of any matter that is inconsistent	
	report it releases to the	with the report. The ARCC reviews the Company's financial reports, including the Company's Annual Report	
	market that is not	and recommends whether Directors should approve the release of these documents to the market.	
	audited or reviewed by		
	an external auditor.	In addition to its financial reports, the Company releases a Modern Slavery Statement and ESG Report to the	
		market each year. The CLO and Company Secretary verifies the statements in the Modern Slavery Statement.	
	ciple 5: Make timely and		
		imely and balanced disclosure of all matters concerning it that a reasonable person would expect to have a	material
	t on the price or value o		
5.1	•	The Board has adopted a comprehensive Continuous Disclosure Policy which is available on the Company's	\checkmark
	have and disclose a	website. The purpose of the Continuous Disclosure Policy is to:	
	written policy for		
	complying with its		

continuous disclosure obligations under listing rule 3.1.	Ensure that the Company, as a minimum, complies with its continuous disclosure obligations under the Corporations Act 2001 (Cth) and the ASX Listing Rules and, as much as possible, seeks to achieve and exceed best practice;	
	Provide shareholders and the market with timely, direct and equal access to information issued by the Group; and	
	Promote investor confidence in the integrity of the Group and its securities.	
	The Continuous Disclosure Policy is administered by the Continuous Disclosure Committee comprising the CEO and Managing Director, the Chief Financial Officer and the Chief Legal Officer and Company Secretary, with the Company Secretary having overall responsibility for the administration of the Policy and all communications with the ASX. The onus is on all staff to inform the Company Secretary of any material price sensitive information as soon as becoming aware of it.	
5.2 A listed entity should ensure that its board receives copies of all material market announcements promptly after they have been made.		√
5.3 A listed entity that gives a new and substantive investor or analyst presentation should release a copy of the presentation materials on the ASX Market Announcements Platform ahead of the presentation.	The Continuous Disclosure Policy outlines the process undertaken to ensure material market presentations are released to the ASX in a prompt matter.	√
Principle 6: Respect the righ	its of security holders	
	ct the rights of its security holders by providing them with appropriate information and facilities to allow the	em to
6.1 A listed entity should provide information about itself and its governance to investors via its website	The Company is committed to effective, accurate and timely communication with its shareholders, market participants, customers, employees, suppliers, financiers, creditors, other stakeholders and the wider community. The Company will ensure that all stakeholders, market participants and the wider community are informed of its activities and performance.	✓
	The Board has adopted a Communications Policy, which is available on the Company's website, which sets out the Group's approach and commitment to communication. Information is communicated in a number of ways including:	
	Group website;	
	annual and half yearly reports;	

		market disclosures;	
		updates on operations and developments;	
		market briefings and webcasts of briefings; and	
		presentations at General Meetings.	
		The half yearly and annual report, market releases and presentations are all available on the Company's website.	
6.2	A listed entity should have an investor relations program that facilitates effective two-way communication with investors.	The Company has an investor relations engagement program that includes engaging with institutional investors, buy-side and sell-side research analysts, individual investors and prospective investors on a scheduled basis (including the release of its results) or ad hoc basis (including industry conferences and key updates). During FY22, the Group provided Investor Presentations following the release of the FY22 results in May 2022, its AGM in August 2022, following the release of the 1H23 results in November 2022 and for investor day in	√
		March 2023. The Company also provided a 3 rd quarter trading update to market in January 2023. For full year and half year results the Company invited current and prospective investors and analysts to meet with our CEO and CFO. These discussions, and discussions that happen when investors request them, provide	
		investors with insight to better understand the Group's business operations and strategy, its culture, the complex industry that OFX operates in as well as its marketing approach and customer engagement, and internal governance and risk processes. In addition, the Board engaged with investors through the AGM, and through ongoing dialogue during the year.	
		The Board places importance on these interactions as it allows the Company to articulate its objectives and also receive feedback from investors on all areas of its performance including its strategy, financial results and governance. During FY23, the following key information was released to shareholders:	
		1H23 Half Year results;	
		FY22 Full Year results;	
		3Q Results in January 2023.	
		Investor Day Presentation materials;	
		Investor Bay Presentation materials, Investor Fact Sheet;	
		Annual Report; and Obside and OFO's managed to the ACM.	
		Chair and CEO's presentations to the AGM.	
		Advance notification of scheduled analyst and investor briefings is provided to shareholders and the briefings are webcast.	
6.3	A listed entity should	The Company's FY22 AGM was held on 11 August 2022.	\checkmark
	disclose how it facilitates and encourages participation at meetings of security	The Company intends to hold this year's AGM on 3 August 2023 as a hybrid AGM and a copy of the Notice of Meeting will be provided on the Company's website as well as being sent directly to shareholders via their nominated means of communication.	·
	holders.		

		The Company's Constitution permits Shareholders to participate in the AGM electronically. Shareholders will be invited to submit questions prior to the AGM, which may be answered by the Chair or CEO in their addresses. Facilities will also be available for Shareholders to ask questions through a chat function during the AGM.	
6.4	A listed entity should ensure that all substantive resolutions at a meeting of security holders are decided by a poll rather than by a show of hands.	It is Company practice for voting on all resolutions to be conducted by a poll. This practice will continue for the AGM this year.	✓
6.5	A listed entity should give security holders the option to receive communications from, and send communications to, the entity and its security registry electronically.	Shareholders are encouraged to receive communications from and send communications to the Company and its share registrar, Link Market Services electronically.	√
	ciple 7: Recognise and n		
7.1	The board of a listed entity should: (a) have a committee or committees to oversee risk, each of which: (1) has at least three	The Board is committed to a transparent process for overseeing the Group's internal control structure, risk management framework and systems and processes for compliance with applicable legal and regulatory requirements. ARCC performs a central role in assisting the Board in achieving this goal. The ARCC's principal functions are set out in its Charter, which is available on the Company's website and includes: • To ensure that the ARCC understands the Group's structure, business and controls to ensure that it can	√
	members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and (2) is chaired by an independent director, and disclose:	 adequately assess the significant risks facing the Group; To review the effectiveness of the Group's risk and compliance function, reviewing the risk management framework and establishing procedures and systems in relation to dealing with breaches and complaints; and To review the Group's legal and regulatory compliance. 	
	(3) the charter of the committee;(4) the members of the	The ARCC is structured so that it has at least three members, consists only of Non-Executive Directors, consists of a majority of independent directors and is chaired by Mr Murdoch, an independent Chair who is not the Chair of the Board. Further all members must be financially literate and at least one member must have accounting and/or related financial management expertise.	
	committee; and (5) as at the end of each reporting period,	The ARCC has a minimum of four scheduled meetings each year and meets at other times as required. The Company Secretary attends and minutes all meetings. The Chair of the ARCC reports the findings of the ARCC back to the Board at the following Board meeting. Minutes of each of the ARCC meetings are also provided to the Board.	

	the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or (b) if it does not have a risk committee or committees that satisfy (a) above, disclose that fact and the processes it employs for overseeing the entity's risk management framework.		
7.2	The board or a committee of the board should: (a) review the entity's risk management framework at least annually to satisfy itself that it continues to be sound; and (b) disclose, in relation to each reporting period, whether such a	The Company conducted a review of the Company's risk framework and risk appetite statement during FY23. A review and update of the Company's risk profile in line with the revised framework was also approved by the Audit Risk and Compliance Committee in FY23. The Committee receives updates on the risk profile at each meeting.	
7.3	review has taken place. A listed entity should disclose: (a) if it has an internal audit function, how the function is structured and what role it performs; or (b) if it does not have an internal audit function, that fact and the processes it employs for evaluating and	and also to review and ratify the Group's systems of internal compliance and control, risk management and legal compliance to determine the integrity and effectiveness of those systems. The ARCC also assists the Board in carrying out its accounting, auditing, financial reporting and risk management responsibilities. The ARCC is required to regularly review those areas of greatest compliance risk including obtaining updates from management. The ARCC is required to review the effectiveness of the compliance function at least annually and be satisfied that all regularly compliance matters have been considered in the preparation of all official documents of the Group. Management undertakes quarterly risk assessments and these assessments are reported to the ARCC. The risk assessments include information to show the status of identified risks and how these are being managed.	

continually improving the effectiveness of its risk management and internal control processes.

The Company has an Assurance function that conducts regular reviews of key processes and controls. In addition, OFX has a co-sourced internal audit arrangement with PWC and other specialised independent review firms. Internal Audit provides independent assurance over the effectiveness of the Company's risk management, internal control and governance processes. The internal audit function has direct access to the Chair of the ARCC and to management. A risk-based approach is used to develop the annual internal audit plan, aligning planned internal audit activities to the Company's material risks. The internal audit plan is approved by the ARCC annually.

7.4 A listed entity should disclose whether it has any material exposure to environmental or social risks and, if it does, how it manages or intends to manage those risks.

Details of the key economic risks facing OFX and how they are managed are set out in the Operating and Financial Review of the Directors Report in the Company's FY23 Annual Report.

The following material social sustainability risks have been identified by the Company:

Money laundering: Money laundering is a process by which the illicit source of assets obtained or generated by criminal activity is concealed to obscure the link between the funds and the original criminal activity. It therefore has significant economic and social consequences. As an international payments company involved in the transfer of funds around the world, OFX has a responsibility to take steps to prevent the use of its services for the purposes of money laundering, terrorist financing or other illegal activities. OFX has therefore implemented policies, systems and controls to detect and prevent these activities and regularly undertakes independent reviews of their effectiveness; and

Money Transfer Scams: Recipient fraud occurs when a genuine OFX customer sends or attempts to send funds to a fraudulent recipient as a result of misinformation. This misinformation can occur in various ways, such as from email accounts, romance scams, investment scams, phishing emails, lottery scams, etc. Scam activity is a growing concern and causes significant harm to community. OFX will not facilitate transfers for customers where it believes they are a victim of a scam and has implemented fraud systems that aim to detect and prevent recipient fraud. This includes blocking transfers to known scam accounts where notified by regulatory agencies and regularly training its staff on identifying where customers may be victims of scams. These measures however, cannot detect all customers who are subject to recipient fraud.

The Company does not consider that it has any material environmental sustainability risks.

The Company does not have any material exposure to environmental or social risks. The Company's Environmental, Social and Governance Report which is incorporated into the Company's FY23 Annual Report assists key stakeholders to understand the Company's ESG approach. It highlights the fact that the key focus of the Company in the context of ESG is on cyber security, data protection and privacy. The Company also addresses efforts to make positive social and environmental impacts. The objective of our ESG Report is to act as a benchmark from which to measure future progress and to outline the work prioritised for the year ahead.

Principle 8: Remunerate fairly and responsibly

A listed entity should pay director remuneration sufficient to attract and retain high quality directors and design its executive remuneration to attract, retain and motivate high quality senior executives and to align their interests with the creation of value for security holders and with the entity's values and risk appetite

- 8.1 The board of a listed entity should:
 - (a) have remuneration committee which:
 - (1) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and
 - (2) is chaired by an independent director,

and disclose:

- (3) the charter of the committee:
- (4) the members of the committee; and
- (5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or
- (b) if it does not have a remuneration committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs for setting the level and composition of remuneration for directors and senior executives and ensuring that such remuneration is

The Board believes that attracting and retaining the right calibre of personnel at the Board, Executive and employee level is critical to ensure the Group is able to pursue its strategic objectives.

The PCRC assists the Board to achieve this. Its role and function are set out in its Charter, a copy of which is available on the Company's website. The PCRC responsibilities include:

- reviewing the Company's Diversity and Inclusion Policy and progress against measurable diversity and inclusion objectives;
- monitoring and evaluating the culture of the organisation in line with the values of the Company;
- providing advice and recommendations in relation to remuneration packages of senior executives, Non-Executive Directors and Executive Directors;
- regularly reviewing the Company's remuneration framework; and
- reviewing and providing recommendations to the Board in relation to the Company's talent acquisition, retention, learning and development and termination policies and / or practices.

Composition of Committee

The PCRC is structured so that it is has least three members, consisting only of Non-Executive Directors all of whom are independent directors, and is chaired by Mr Snedden, an independent Chair who is not the Chair of the Board.

The Company has disclosed in its FY23 Annual Report the members of the PCRC, the number of times the PCRC met during FY23 and the individual attendances of members of the PCRC at those meetings.

	appropriate and		
	appropriate and not		
8.2	excessive. A listed entity should separately disclose its policies and practices regarding the remuneration of non-executive directors and the remuneration of executive directors and other senior executives	The PCRC is responsible for reviewing and making recommendations to the Board with respect to the appropriate remuneration for Non-Executive Directors, the CEO and Managing Director and Executives. The principles applied by the PCRC in fulfilling this role are set out in the Company's Remuneration Policy. The Company's Remuneration Policy is available on the Company's website. The Remuneration Report section of the Company's FY23 Annual Report includes details of: • the structure of Non-Executive Directors' remuneration and that of Executives, including the CEO and Managing Director; and • the nature and amount of each element of the remuneration of each Director of the Company and each key Executive of the Company having responsibility for its operational performance for the financial year.	√
8.3	A listed entity which has an equity-based remuneration scheme should: (a) have a policy on whether participants are permitted to enter into transactions (whether through the use of derivatives or otherwise) which limit the economic risk of participating in the scheme; and (b) disclose that policy or a summary of it.	All Directors and employees are required to comply with the Group's Securities Trading Policy in undertaking any trading in the Company's shares and may not trade if they are in possession of any inside information. The Securities Trading Policy permits Directors and employees to trade in the Company's securities otherwise than during specified 'Closed Periods' or where they are in possession of inside information. In addition, Directors and certain restricted employees may only trade with prior written clearance as set out in the Policy. The Securities Trading Policy prohibits participants from entering into transactions in financial products which operate to limit the economic risk of security holdings in OFX over unvested entitlements or vested entitlements subject to a holding lock or restriction on dealing (restricted entitlements or restricted securities), including any hedging or similar arrangement in respect of unvested entitlements or restricted entitlements held or granted under any equity based remuneration scheme. Directors, Executives and certain other employees are prohibited at all times from entering into any stock borrowing or margin loan arrangement in relation to security holdings in OFX, transferring securities in OFX into an existing margin loan account and selling securities in OFX to satisfy a call pursuant to a margin loan. The Securities Trading Policy is available on the Company's website.	•